

**INVESTIGATING THE RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN  
MIGRATION AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT**

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**Abstract.** *This article gives a brief overview of international labor migration trends in the global economy, the impact of migration on the development of the national economy, as well as provides brief recommendations on integration of Uzbekistan into the international labor market.*

**Key words:** *migration, migration rest, global migration, recipient, immigration, emigration, intelligence;*

The topic of the relationship between migration and development is one of the most controversial areas in migration research and policy. In the context of globalization, international labor migration is becoming an integral part of the labor market. Currently, in the context of the transformation of the world economy, a high level of migration flow is directed from one region to another country. Labor migration is the same for donor countries and recipient countries at the same time, while providing positive advantages, it also creates certain negative problems. In the last decade, our country has been participating in international labor migration processes to one degree or another, ensuring the well-being of the population in our country, improving life activities and a number of tasks are being carried out in the regions of our country regarding the creation of jobs, increasing the quality and scope of such targeted programs is one of the main tasks of our country. In the world economy today, the deepening processes of globalization are characterized by the quality of the world economy rising to a new level, due to the fact that the globalization of the economy covers many sectors and industries, great changes are taking place in the labor market, and for this reason researching this problem is important and urgent as the processes of

labor migration are manifested in a new way in the world. President of our country Sh. M. Mirziyoyev noted "The creation of new jobs in our country and the program to accelerate housing construction and social infrastructure development in rural areas are a huge amount of work, it is the creation of tens of thousands of new jobs, and the active participation of the population of our country in these creative works. Don't forget to enable as we set ourselves the task of implementing this program, we intend to solve the issues of ensuring employment of the population, which are relevant for our country, thus further increasing people's income and improving the quality of life"<sup>1</sup>

In the context of globalization, international labor migration is becoming an important sector of the economy, which presents a number of problems to the world community as an urgent issue. These problems are focused on human rights; human trafficking, social problems, wages, decent work, the inability to engage in one's field of expertise, etc., are leading to an increase year by year. Today, some countries have signed several laws and agreements on interstate migration, such agreements will certainly satisfy the socio-economic and legal needs of labor migrants, create freedom for workers, and have a significant impact on the country's economy. At the moment, despite the fact that the process of labor migration is increasing, the legal space for migrants in most countries of the world has not yet been developed or remains limited, which shows that the world community needs to solve this problem in a short time. As a result of the lack of effective regulation of labor migration, in most cases, the rights and freedoms of labor migrants are not ensured and illegal migration, human trafficking and similar unpleasant situations occur. We believe that it is appropriate to study the experience of Turkey in the regulation of migration processes in Uzbekistan, Turkey is currently the country with the highest economic potential not only in the Middle East, but also in the world of Muslim and Turkic countries. Currently, the Republic of Turkey is the 16th country in the world in terms of its economic

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<sup>1</sup> *Mirziyoyev Sh. M. Critical analysis, strict discipline and personal responsibility are the daily activities of every leader there should be a rule. - T.: Uzbekistan, 2017. - P.27*

influence cooperation between the Republic of Uzbekistan and Turkey has grown significantly in recent years, and Turkey has become the fourth important country in our foreign trade. The total turnover of foreign trade between Turkey and the Republic of Uzbekistan is 2171.8 million US dollars, Turkey has a share of 6.4% among the partner countries of Uzbekistan, and the Republic of Turkey is one of the countries that actively exported labor force since the 1950s. According to Turkish migration researcher Ali Berkel, migration processes in Turkey have gone through a three-stage evolutionary period over a period of 50 years. Initially, internal migration developed in Turkey, and gradually Turkish citizens moved towards European countries. As a result, Turkey, which once had low-skilled labor migrants, has now been able to establish high-skilled labor migrants, firms, construction companies and large companies in the foreign and national market. Currently, the Republic of Turkey is at the same time is a country that exports and imports manpower.

Turkish specialists have great experience and knowledge in regulating labor migration in the international labor market. They are among the few countries that have been able to create favorable legal and social conditions for their Turkish citizens to work effectively abroad. For this reason, it is appropriate to study the experience of Turkey, which is active in the international labor market, organizes the labor market of Uzbekistan and organizes their activities. It is a country that has applied it to the national economy. Their experiences can be seen in the following;

- Turkish citizens living abroad live with their families and ensure that their children receive compulsory education and social protection, and as a result, Turkish citizens who have increased their educational potential abroad were able to apply their acquired experience to the country;

- the country was able to create favorable opportunities in all matters related to international logistics and airport visa issues to help labor migrants return to their homeland;

- created a space for dialogue in reestablishing regular relations with Turkish diasporas abroad, and as a result, Turkish citizens abroad were able to become large entrepreneurs, owners of various professions and investors due to the country's support, these investors are investing large amounts of their capital earned abroad in the national economy of their country;

- Turkey as a result of supporting Turkish entrepreneurs abroad was able to develop the brand of its goods;

- after returning to their country, Turkish citizens who have acquired skills abroad were effectively used.

In our country, serious attention is being paid to the regulation of the labor market at the state level. The president of the country paid attention to this area and on July 5, 2018, "Additional measures to further improve the external labor migration system of the Republic of Uzbekistan" law was announced and the shortcomings in this field were reviewed. In accordance with this document, in order to further improve the operation of the system of sending and hiring abroad, the government of the country, in cooperation with the Agency for Foreign Labor Migration of the Ministry of Employment and Labor Relations of the Republic of Uzbekistan, will send and hire citizens of Uzbekistan to work abroad ,instructions were given on the establishment of special firms and organizations carrying out work on It is the responsibility of the company and organization that helps to find a job for the able-bodied population going abroad. They are taught the language and certain special laws of the receiving country, and practical recommendations are given on preparing them for the profession. The work of such organizations solves a number of social problems related to the violation of labor rights and health of migrant workers going abroad. According to the agency's official statistics, the number of citizens working abroad in our country in 2017 was 1,496, but we should pay attention to another aspect of the issue, a certain part is introduced, but the other side of the issue is that it is difficult to tell the exact number of working migrants who are working informally in a number of countries and its implementation is socio-economically effective. The emergence of such

organizations and firms that help to find a job will help to solve a number of socio-economic problems mentioned above.

*Dynamics of the population of the Republic of Uzbekistan who worked in foreign countries*

Years	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
<b>The total number of migrants working abroad in Uzbekistan</b>	4,00	3,353	2,026	5,612	3,589	4,851	3,589	3,371	3,103	2,753	1,496
<b>in % of the total population</b>	1,1	14,8	5,6	15,5	9,9	13,4	9,9	9,3	8,6	7,6	4,1

*Source: www.migration.uz*

From the data in Table 1, we can conclude that in 2007, 1.1 million labor migrants exported abroad by the Republic of Uzbekistan worked in foreign countries, and this figure is 1.1% of the total population of Uzbekistan. According to the charter of the International Labor Organization, if 1% of the country's working-age population works outside the country, then it is a donor that exports labor force. country, in 2008 3,353 thousand people worked abroad, this figure was 14.8% of the total population, and in one year this figure increased 13 times. also had an impact on his plantings. The largest flow of labor migrants occurred in 2010, a total of 5,612 million people worked abroad, which is 15.5% of the total population, and this indicator has a decreasing trend by 2017. In this year, 1,496 thousand people of the total population, 4.1% of the total population, are working in foreign countries. The emergence of such a trend (2010) creates a number of social and demographic problems in the country along with positive conditions for the country's national economy, because 15.5% of the total population works outside the country, which is a negative situation for the national

economy of any country. According to the statements of the International Labor Organization, even by 2025, Uzbekistan will be an active exporter of working migrant workers. remains among the states. As long as the problems of unemployment in the country are not solved, one of the main tasks facing the country shows the need to support migrants working abroad from a social and legal point of view. The use of experiences gained in world economic practice, taking into account the characteristics of the socio-economic development of our republic, is one of the priority directions of the model of transition to market relations of Uzbekistan. In particular, the Republic of Turkey has a number of positive experiences in the state regulation of migration processes, and the use of this experience in Uzbekistan can play an important role in increasing the efficiency of foreign economic activity. Common aspects of the socio-economic development of this country and Uzbekistan play an important role in using the experience of the state regulation of migration processes of the Republic of Turkey. It is known that Uzbekistan, like Turkey, is a country rich in labor resources. At the same time, the high rate of natural population growth in these countries requires the creation of thousands of new jobs every year. However, in the conditions of insufficient domestic investment, it is more difficult to solve this problem, firstly, to partially solve the employment problem by exporting labor force, and secondly, to improve the balance of foreign trade due to remittances made by citizens working abroad. thirdly, there will be an opportunity to increase people's well-being. Turkey's experience in this field is noteworthy, and the country is a currency a large part of its income comes from remittances from Turks working abroad. It should be noted that the legal basis for the export of labor force has been created in Turkey. In accordance with Turkish legislation, favorable conditions have been created for citizens to go and work abroad and every citizen has the right to engage in labor activities outside the country, to look for work and to get a job. State and private enterprises are usually engaged in labor export. The main task of these enterprises is workers is to introduce potential buyers and protect their rights. Applying the Turkish experience of labor force export in the

Republic of Uzbekistan, on the one hand, has a positive effect on the increase in the efficiency of the use of labor resources, and on the other hand, on the improvement of the structure of foreign economic activity.

The fact that the information about it is poorly studied has a negative effect on the full use of the available opportunities. In this regard, improving the organizational and legal aspects of the export of labor force, studying the labor market of potential partner countries for the migration of labor resources are among the current problems. The results of the research of the experiences of Turkey and other countries on the export of labor power show that the main tasks of the policy of labor export should be the following:

- protection of the rights and interests of workers working abroad;
- in the implementation of programs aimed at the export of labor force compliance with public interests;
- regulating the flow of labor force export taking into account the socio-demographic and economic situation and development, natural-economic and ecological conditions of the country;
- social protection of citizens and their families going to work abroad;
- harmonization of labor export policy with international standards and principles of national legislation, etc.

It should be emphasized that the state regulation of labor force export should not be based on administrative-command and prohibition measures. World practice and our past experience have clearly shown that such a method is inappropriate. We believe that a transparent mechanism of management cooperation between labor migrants and the state should be implemented, and the following conditions should be created for our compatriots going to foreign countries:

- It is necessary to conduct direct cooperation with our workers abroad by opening various agencies and firms related to migration work in the regions of the country where the citizens of Uzbekistan constitute the majority, and to improve their activities from a legal point of view;

- development of a system of reinvestment of monthly wages of migrant workers abroad;

- the level of literacy, i.e., language knowledge of our compatriots abroad, and the existing laws in that country should be sufficiently informed and the system of re-education should be improved;

- As a result of attracting a part of the funds earned abroad by the citizens of Uzbekistan to private or public sector production entities, after returning from abroad, there is an opportunity to work in the entity in which he invested;

- Like South Korea's experience, it is appropriate for the citizens of our country abroad to collect money for the pension system that is being accumulated from that country, and as a result, it will be possible to insure old age life in the future;

- To carry out corporate cooperation between the Agency for Foreign Labor Affairs, the Ministry of Foreign Affairs, the Ministry of Internal Affairs, the State Customs Committee, the national airline of Uzbekistan Airways, and migration organizations and companies related to the activities of foreign countries. and official organizations from our country it is desirable to keep the data of outgoing citizens in an open manner;

- in order to increase the legal literacy of citizens of our country, to have some information about the country they are going to, to be aware of its laws, at least partially, to be informed by specialists of the above-mentioned organizations in Uzbekistan to our citizens who are going abroad publication of brochures providing brief information about the state, announcements and similar information are important;

- in the procedure of issuing a visa to any of our compatriots going abroad, it is necessary to determine its purposefulness, because now our illegal migrants who go abroad are informed that they are going as tourists and do not return to our country for years after leaving the country, as a result, the departure of qualified specialists active in the labor market will be prevented;



- it is expedient for the employees of the embassy and migration agencies to be informed about the workers of our country who are going abroad, because the official organizations there will provide close assistance to the citizens of our country who face any socio-economic problems, and giving work is carried out and so on.

Summarizing the above experiences, we can come to the following conclusions. With a young population, the Republic of Uzbekistan is currently investing money and capital from its compatriots abroad into the country's national economy. Re-education of our compatriots working abroad in the mechanisms of reinvestment and their effective use, improving their qualifications, and providing them with socio-economic support of Uzbekistan. The experiences and paths of a country with high potential like Turkey are extremely important. Prospects of Uzbekistan's international migration relations interested in development. Implementation of structural changes in the country's economy, increasing the competitiveness of products in foreign markets will strengthen international cooperation and lead to the activation of international labor migration.

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